Document Links:

HBPC Instrument

COHORT

69 - Home Based Primary Care

ASESOXY2 (HBPC)

During the time frame from (computer to display admisdt – 30 days to admisdt + 30 days) at a face-to-face encounter OR a CVT encounter **if rural location**, was a home oxygen safety risk assessment documented by a HBPC team member to include all of the following components?

- · Whether there are smoking materials in the home,
- Whether or not the home has functioning smoke detectors, and
- Whether there are other fire safety risks in the home, such as the potential for open flames
- 3. Yes, a home oxygen safety risk assessment including all components above was documented by a HBPC team member during a **face-to-face encounter** in the patient's home
- 4. Yes, a home oxygen safety risk assessment including all components above was documented by a HBPC team member during a **CVT encounter if rural location**.
- 5. No home oxygen safety risk assessment was documented by a HBPC team member during a face-to-face or CVT encounter

During the HBPC team face-to-face or CVT encounter on (computer to display asesoxydt), did the HBPC team member inform and educate the patient/caregiver on home oxygen safety to include:

OXYEDU1. The findings of the oxygen safety risk assessment

- 1. Yes
- 2. No

OXYEDU2. The causes of fire

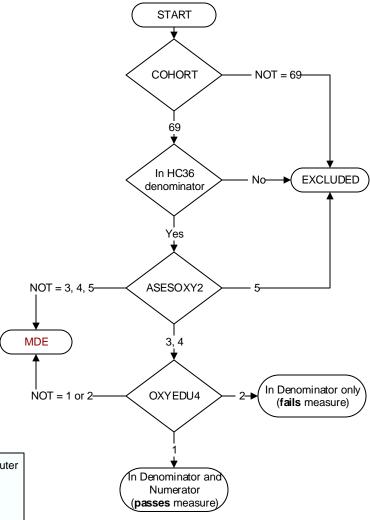
- 1. Yes
- 2. No

OXYEDU3. Fire risks for neighboring residences and buildings

- 1. Yes
- 2. No

OXYEDU4. Precautions that can prevent fire-related injuries

- 1. Yes
- 2. No



MDE = Missing or Invalid Data Exclusion (data error)